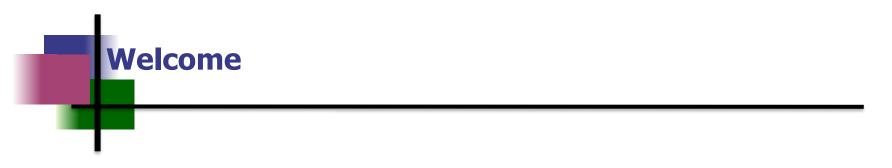
# **Emerging Adulthood:** A Developmental Perspective

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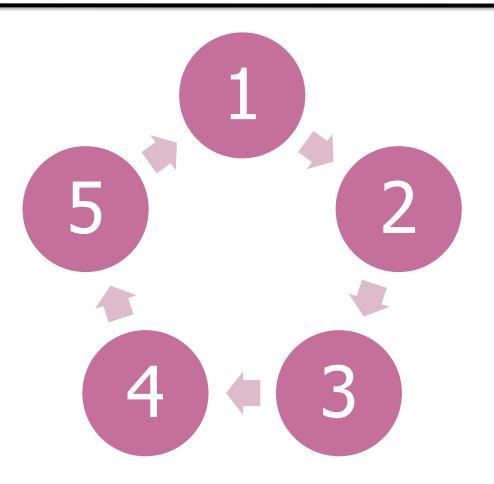
#### There are no potential conflicts of interest to declare.

Administrative and financial support for this presentation was provided by the Society for Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology (APA Division 53). Identify three social, economic, and technological trends that have changed the transition from adolescence to early adulthood in a postindustrial society

Explain why emerging adulthood can be characterized as both a time for reflection, optimism, and exploration and a time of high risk for social and psychological difficulty;

Describe two approaches to the organization and delivery of psychological services to better meet the needs of young people making the transition from adolescence to early adulthood.

#### Why the Attention to Emerging Adulthood? Five Intersecting Trends



# #1. Why the Attention? A Changing Social Context

- Contraception
- Social norms
  - Family planning
  - Premarital sexual relations
  - Cohabitation
  - Births outside marriage
- Delayed marriage
- Cohabitation
- Delayed parenthood
- Births outside marriage

# #1. Why the Attention? A Changing Economic Context

- Globalization
- Technology
- Higher education
- Higher cost of living

#### #1. Why the Attention? A Changing Legal Context



#1. Why the Attention? A Changing World

#### **MacArthur Foundation**

#### **Research Network on Transitions to Adulthood**

2000-2008





Transition to Adulthood

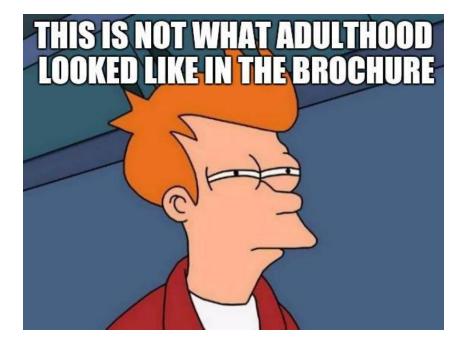
#### **#2. Why the Attention? Emerging Adulthood as a Distinct Developmental Phase**

# Adolescence Early Adulthood



Arnett, J. J. (2000). American Psychologist, 55, 469-480.

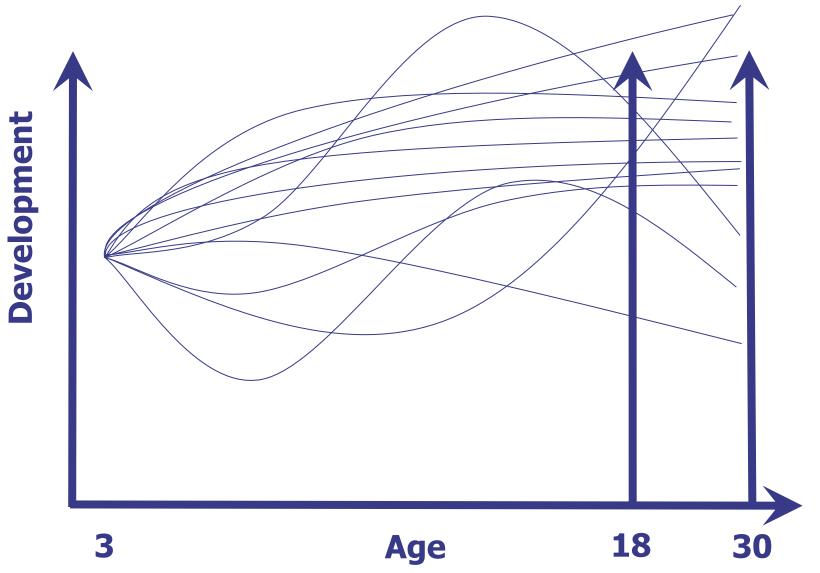
# **#2. Why the Attention?** Emerging Adulthood as a Distinct Developmental Phase



- An age of feeling in-between adolescence and adulthood
- An age of identity exploration
- An age of possibilities
- An age of self-focus
- An age of instability

**Deeply impacted by culture and sociodemographic variables** 

#### **#3. Why the Attention? Development Continues**

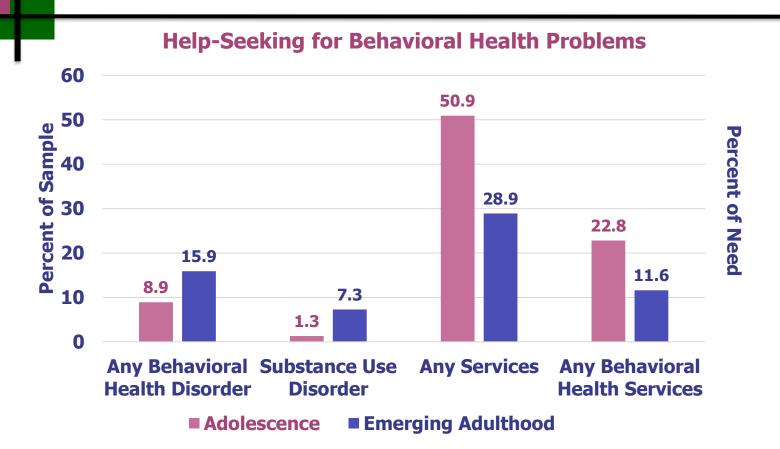


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#### **#3. Why the Attention? Development Continues**

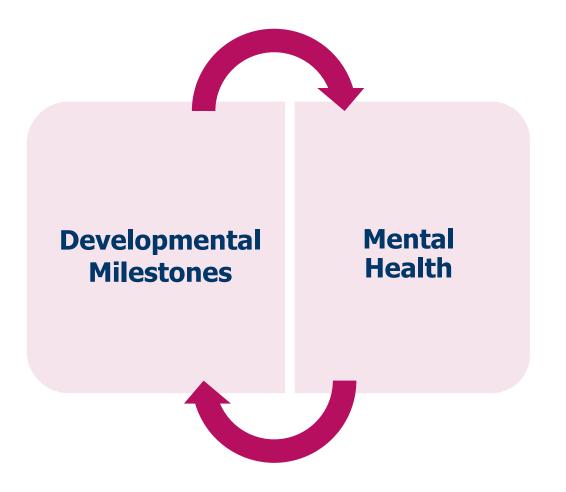


#### **#4. Why the Attention? Emerging Adulthood as a Time of Risk**



Copeland et al. (2015) Increase in untreated cases... Psychiatric Services, 66(4), 397-403.

#### **#4. Why the Attention? Emerging Adulthood as a Time of Risk**



## **#4. Why the Attention?** Emerging Adulthood as a Time of Risk

On the surface, then, emerging adulthood looks like a positive development...giving adolescents and emerging adults a greater amount of choice and freedom.

[However,] without guiding structures to give meaning to the potential choices people face, realistic and informed choices [may] become burdensome for many young persons.

This situation may be especially critical for... teens from disadvantaged backgrounds, those with psychiatric challenges, and so forth.

James Côté, 2006



#### On Your Own Without a Net: The Transition to Adulthood for Vulnerable Populations

D. Wayne Osgood et al. (2005)

#### **MacArthur Foundation**

**Research Network on Transitions to Adulthood** 

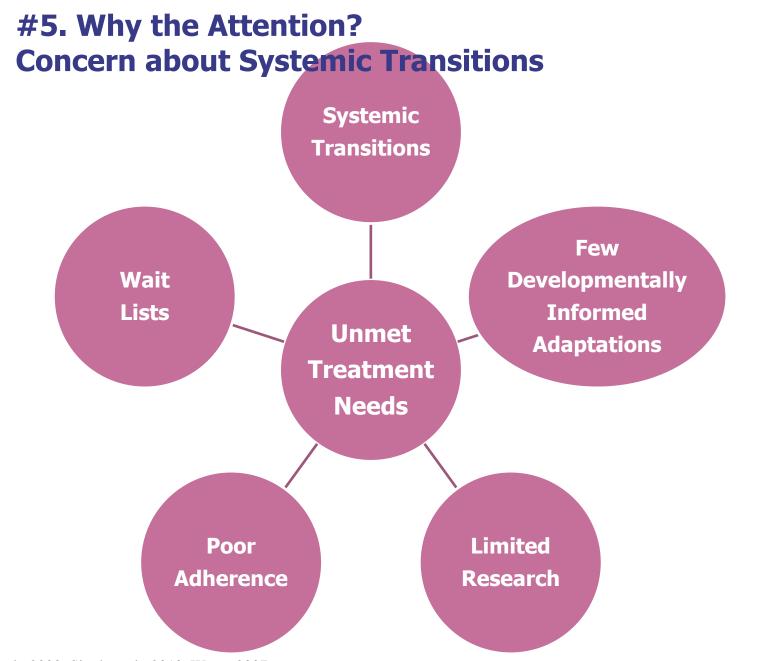
# **#5. Why the Attention? Concern about Systemic Transitions**

#### **Child/Adolescent System**

#### Adult System

- High School
- High School
- Special Education
- Pediatric Healthcare
- Child Mental Health
- Child Welfare
- Juvenile Justice
- Civil Legal/Dependent
- Social Service/Child

- Post-Secondary
- Workplace
- ?
- Primary Healthcare
- Adult Mental Health
- ?
- Criminal Justice
- Civil Legal/Independent
- Social Service/Adult



Pottick et al., 2008; Singh et al., 2010; Wang, 2007

## **Bridging the Gap for Emerging Adults: Developmental Perspectives on Clinical Intervention**

**Keep the Development in Developmental Psychopathology** 

Emerging adulthood may be a turning point in development.

**Emerging adulthood may represent an opportunity for a developmental reframe.** 

Clinical intervention must be a <u>comprehensive</u>, <u>strategic</u>, <u>developmentally informed</u> series of professional efforts <u>pursued collaboratively</u> with the client to <u>decrease</u> <u>psychopathology</u> and <u>promote developmental competence</u>.

## Bridging the Gap for Emerging Adults: Developmental Perspectives on Clinical Intervention

- **Carefully plan for systemic transitions** Stretch the age limits for pediatric systems Define developmental criteria for transition Add developmentally informed programming **Outreach to emerging adults Target specific populations Build transitional programs** Locate services in alternate locations **Create integrated service centers**
- **Create lifespan clinics for special populations**

#### **Bridging the Gap for Emerging Adults: Ethical Considerations**

How do we evaluate and expand emerging adults' capacity to understand and exercise their rights and responsibilities as an adult?

What is the ethical thing to do when a young adult may need an alternate or collaborative decision maker?

How do we acknowledge and ethically manage risk for harm to self and others?

#### Bridging the Gap for Emerging Adults: A New Area of Professional Competence and Practice





The BEAM program aims to develop, implement, and evaluate developmentally-informed policies and interventions for emerging adults with a wide range of presenting concerns. Our goal is to offer assessment, treatment, consultation, education and training to improve our ability to meet the needs of emerging adults as they present to, and transition among, clinics across our health system....



#### **Emerging Adult Self-Assessment Questionnaire**

Directions: We are trying to get sense of how prepared you feel to transition into adulthood and specifically, into an adult treatment clinic. Please rate how ready or prepared you feel <u>today</u> in terms of:

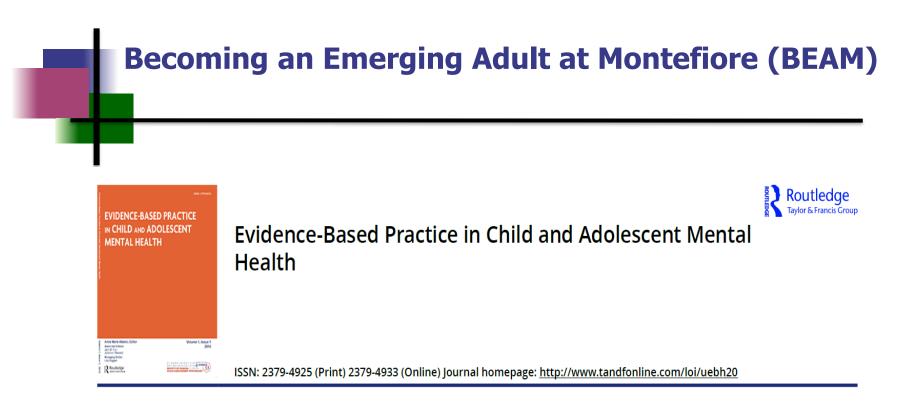
	Not at all	A little bit	Somewhat' Fairly	Very Much	Completeb
Emotional Independence (e.g., knowing what you are feeling, how to express yourself, how to deal with difficult emotions)	0	1	2	3	4
Financial Independence (e.g., supporting yourself financially, living on your own, managing your bank account, knowing your own insurance information)	0	1	2	3	4
Identity (e.g., knowing your own values and goals)	0	1	2	3	4
Progress in work/school (e.g., feeling that you are making progress or are where you need to be in terms of work or school)	0	1	2	3	4
Social Independence (e.g., feeling comfortable making your own friends, initiating spending time with friends, able to maintain friendships)	0	1	2	3	4
Tasks of daily living (e.g., making your own decisions, time management, making and sticking to a budget, preparing your own food)	0	1	2	3	4
Able to manage my own treatment (e.g., attending sessions on your own, remembering to take your medications, calling your therapist to reschedule when you need to)	0	1	2	3	4
Overall (e.g., in general, how ready do you feel to be an adult?)	0	1	2	3	4
Comments:					

#### **Developmental Hierarchy**

Filling out a job application Calling an old boss to ask for a reference **Researching job options** Meeting new people independently Reminding my parents not to cook for me Going to the grocery store on my own **Preparing my own meals** 

#### **Specialty Programming**

- College Readiness Group
- What's Next Group
- Virtual Town Hall
- Voter Registration Drive
- Resource Sharing



#### Scaffolding and Support Beams: Clinical and Administrative Tools for Emerging Adult Programs

Amy Kranzler, Sandra S. Pimentel & Amanda Zayde

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#### **Connecticut DMHAS Young Adult Services: A Statewide Network**



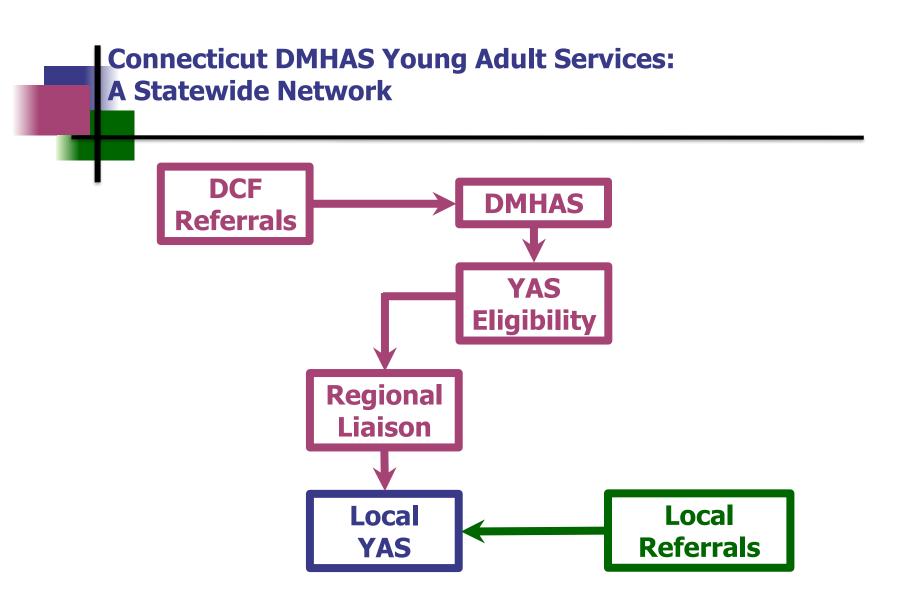












**Connecticut DMHAS Young Adult Services:** A Statewide Network

- 18 to 24 years of age
- Serious and persistent psychiatric difficulty
- High-risk behavior
- Complex treatment needs as a young adult
- Previous involvement with the child welfare system
- Interest in an intensive ambulatory program

#### **Connecticut DMHAS Young Adult Services:** A Statewide Network

- Complex treatment needs
  - Clinical
  - Medical
  - Vocational-educational
  - Occupational therapy
  - Residential support
  - Social
  - Recreational
  - Family
  - Psychosexual
  - Parenting
  - Legal
  - Risk management

# The DV 53 EA SIG

#### **Goals of the EA SIG**

- Education and outreach
- Clinical interventions
  - Defining best practices
  - Prevention and early intervention
  - Attention to intersecting and minoritized identities
- Research
- Diversity, equity, and inclusion
- Advocacy and collaboration

# The DV 53 EA SIG

# Leadership Team

Chair: Chelsea VanderWoude, PhD Vice-Chair: Kelly Schloredt, PhD Secretary: TBD

#### Members at Large:

- Communication: Aijia Yao, MA
- DEI: Hana-May Eadeh, MA
- Education: Joseph DeLuca, PhD
- Membership: Traci Kennedy, PhD
- Practice: Arielle Linsky, PhD
- Research: Erica Musser, PhD
- Student: Angela Pollard, MS
- Mentors: Thomas McMahon, PhD and Amanda Zayde, PsyD



Join the EA SIG at:

https://sccap53.org/emerging-adulthood-special-interest-group



#### https://sccap53.org/emerging-adulthood-special-interest-group

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